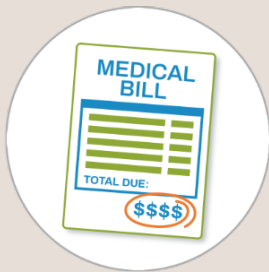


# Morrison Education Series

Objective Driven with a Focus on Education



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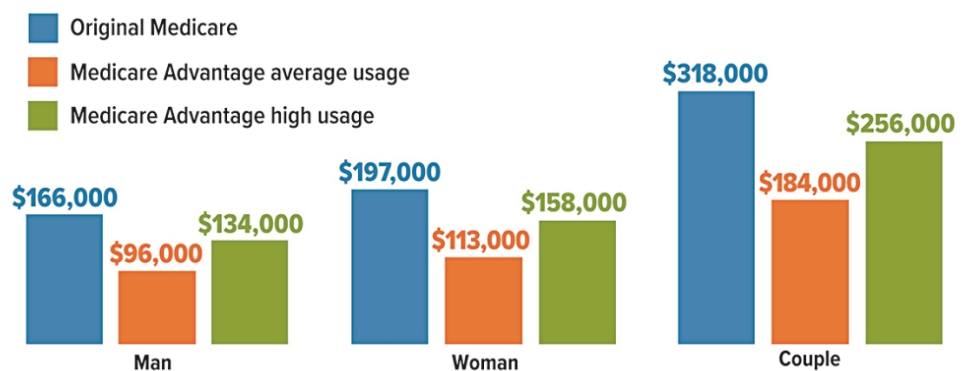
Share of health-care expenses for Medicare beneficiaries age 65 and older that was covered by Medicare in 2020 (most recent data available). Private insurance covered 17% and out-of-pocket spending accounted for 12%.

Source: Employee Benefit Research Institute, 2023

## Saving for Retirement Health-Care Costs

The chart below shows the savings that a man, a woman, and a couple who retired at age 65 in 2022 might need to meet retirement health-care expenses, assuming median prescription drug expenses. The Original Medicare estimate includes premiums for Medicare Parts B and D, the Part B deductible, out-of-pocket prescription drug spending, and premiums for Medigap Plan G, which would pay most other out-of-pocket costs.

Medicare Advantage Plans — offered by private companies under Medicare oversight — require the Medicare Part B premium and typically combine hospital, medical, and prescription drug coverage. They often have limited networks and may require approval to cover certain medications and services.



Source: Employee Benefit Research Institute, 2023. Projections are based on a 90% chance of meeting expenses and assume savings earn a return of 7.32% from age 65 until expenditures are made. Does not include vision, hearing, dental, or long-term care expenses. Some Medicare Advantage Plans require additional premiums, which are not included.

# Coming in 2024: New 529 Plan-to-Roth IRA Rollover Option

In December 2022, Congress passed the SECURE 2.0 Act. It introduced two new rules relating to 529 plans and student debt that will take effect in 2024.

The first provision allows for tax- and penalty-free rollovers from a 529 plan to a Roth IRA. The second provision allows student loan payments made by employees to qualify for employer retirement matching contributions.

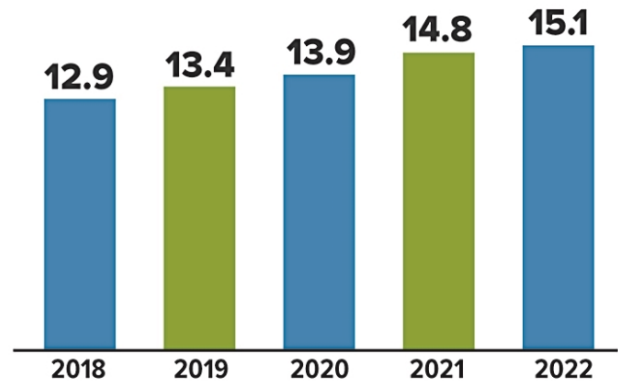
## 529 Plan to Roth IRA Rollover

529 plans are tax-advantaged savings accounts specifically geared to saving for college. In an effort to broaden their flexibility in situations where families have extra funds in an account, Congress created a new rollover option. Starting in 2024, 529 plan beneficiaries can roll over up to \$35,000 to a Roth IRA over their lifetime. Here are the specific rules:

- Any rollover is subject to annual Roth IRA contribution limits, so a beneficiary can't roll over \$35,000 all at once. For example, in 2023, the Roth IRA contribution limit is \$6,500 (for people under age 50) or earned income, whichever is less. If the limit remains the same in 2024, a beneficiary would be able to roll over up to \$6,500.
- In order for the rollover to be tax- and penalty-free, the 529 plan must have been open for at least 15 years. If the 529 account owner (typically a parent) changes the beneficiary of the 529 plan at any point, this could potentially restart the 15-year clock.
- Contributions to a 529 plan made within five years of the rollover date can't be rolled over — only 529 contributions made outside of the five-year window can be rolled over to the Roth IRA. For more information on determining the date of contributions, contact the 529 plan manager.

**Example:** Kate opens a 529 account for her son Joe when he is three years old. Kate contributes to the account for 15 years. At age 18, Joe enters college. Kate continues to contribute to the account while Joe is in college. Joe graduates, and there is money left over in the 529 account. Because the account has been open for at least 15 years, Joe is eligible to roll over funds from the 529 account to a Roth IRA in his name. He can roll over an amount up to the annual Roth IRA contribution limit, provided he doesn't transfer any contributions made to the 529 account in the past five years. Joe can continue rolling over funds from the 529 plan to the Roth IRA (consecutive years or intermittent years) until he has reached the \$35,000 lifetime limit.

**Number of 529 college savings plan accounts, 2018–2022, in millions**



Source: ISS Market Intelligence, 529 Market Highlights, 4Q 2019–2023

## Student Loan Payments Can Qualify for Employer Retirement Match

Employees with student debt often have to prioritize repaying their loans over contributing to their workplace retirement plan, which can mean missing out on any potential employer retirement matching contributions. Starting in 2024, the SECURE 2.0 Act gives employers the option to treat an employee's student loan payments as payments made to a qualified retirement plan (student loan payments will be considered an "elective deferral"), which would make those contributions eligible for an employer retirement match (if an employer offers this benefit).

*There are generally fees and expenses associated with participation in a 529 plan. There is also the risk that the investments may lose money or not perform well enough to cover college costs as anticipated. The tax implications of a 529 plan should be discussed with your legal and/or tax professionals because they can vary significantly from state to state. Most states offering their own 529 plans may provide advantages and benefits exclusively for their residents and taxpayers, which may include financial aid, scholarship funds, and protection from creditors. Before investing in a 529 plan, consider the investment objectives, risks, charges, and expenses, which are available in the issuer's official statement and should be read carefully. The official disclosure statements and applicable prospectuses, which contain this and other information about the investment options, underlying investments, and investment company, can be obtained by contacting your financial professional.*

# Give Your Money a Midyear Checkup

If 2023 has been financially challenging, why not take a moment to reflect on the progress you've made and the setbacks you've faced? Getting into the habit of reviewing your finances midyear may help you keep your financial plan on track while there's still plenty of time left in the year to make adjustments.

## Goal Overhaul

Rising prices put a dent in your budget. You put off a major purchase you had planned for, such as a home or new vehicle, hoping that inventory would increase and interest rates would decrease. A major life event is coming up, such as a family wedding, college, or a job transition.

Both economic and personal events can affect your financial goals. Are your priorities still the same as they were at the beginning of the year? Have you been able to save as much as you had planned? Are your income and expenses higher or lower than you expected? You may need to make changes to prevent your budget or savings from getting too far off course this year.

## Post-Tax Season Estimate

Completing a midyear estimate of your tax liability may reveal planning opportunities. You can use last year's tax return as a basis, then factor in any anticipated adjustments to your income and deductions for this year.

Check your withholding, especially if you owed taxes or received a large refund. Doing that now, rather than waiting until the end of the year, may help you avoid a big tax bill or having too much of your money tied up with Uncle Sam.

You can check your withholding by using the IRS Tax Withholding Estimator at [irs.gov](https://irs.gov). If necessary, adjust the amount of federal income tax withheld from your paycheck by filing a new Form W-4 with your employer.

## Investment Assessment

Review your portfolio to make sure your asset allocation is still in line with your financial goals, time horizon, and tolerance for risk. How have your investments performed against appropriate benchmarks, and in relationship to your expectations and needs? Looking for new opportunities or rebalancing may be appropriate, but be cautious about making significant changes while the market is volatile.

*Asset allocation is a method used to help manage investment risk; it does not guarantee a profit or protect against investment loss. All investing involves risk, including the possible loss of principal and there is no guarantee that any investment strategy will be successful.*

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## More to Consider

Here are five questions to consider as part of your midyear financial review.



Do you have an emergency fund?



Can you put more in your health savings account?



Have you checked your credit score recently?



What are the interest rates on your credit cards?



How much is left in your flexible spending account?

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## Retirement Savings Reality Check

If the value of your retirement portfolio has dipped, you may be concerned that you won't have what you need in retirement. If retirement is years away, you have time to ride out (or even take advantage of) market ups and downs. If you're still saving for retirement, look for opportunities to increase retirement plan contributions. For example, if you receive a pay increase this year, you could contribute a higher percentage of your salary to your employer-sponsored retirement plan, such as a 401(k), 403(b), or 457(b) plan. If you're age 50 or older, consider making catch-up contributions to your employer plan. For 2023, the contribution limit is \$22,500, or \$30,000 if you're eligible to make catch-up contributions.

If you are close to retirement or already retired, take another look at your retirement income needs and whether your current investment and distribution strategy will provide enough income. You can't control challenging economic cycles, but you can take steps to help minimize the impact on your retirement.

# Leave a Lasting Gift with an Ethical Will

A legal will describes how you want your material assets to be distributed, but how do you leave behind your values? Using an ethical will, also called a legacy letter, you can tell your personal story and communicate your beliefs and life lessons to your family, friends, or community. You can opt to share it during your lifetime or leave it as a special gift for your loved ones to cherish after you're gone.

Despite the name, an ethical will isn't a legal document, and though often written, it can be in any creative format you choose. You might make a video or audio recording, create a photo album or a scrapbook, write and record a song, or put together a collection of recipes.

There are no rules that dictate what to include. For example, you might decide to write a few pages recounting meaningful family stories, while adding personal notes of love and gratitude. You might share challenges you've overcome or explain why you made certain decisions. You could tell your children how they have enriched your life or simply record a brief message to inspire future generations.

No matter which format you choose and what you decide to say, consider keeping the tone positive and helpful. Think about how your message might be received, and how future generations might benefit from what you have to say.

The process of writing an ethical will may seem daunting, but it can also be rewarding as you reflect on your experiences and what you truly value. Here are a few questions to help you get started.

- What principles guide your life?
- What are you most grateful for?
- How would you like to be remembered?
- How have specific experiences or events shaped you?
- What are some important choices you've made?
- How have you treated others, and how have others treated you?
- What have you not had the chance to say?
- Who were the most influential or admirable people in your life?
- Which charitable organizations are most important to you and why?
- What are your hopes for future generations?

If you need further information and inspiration, you can find samples, templates, books, and workshops online. Your attorney may also help guide you.

Once you've crafted your ethical will, make sure it's preserved in digital or printed form, or both. Share it now, or keep it with other estate documents, such as a copy of your legal will and advance care directives, and tell others where to find it.

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